

OSGi for Eclipse Developers

Chris Aniszczyk (EclipseSource)

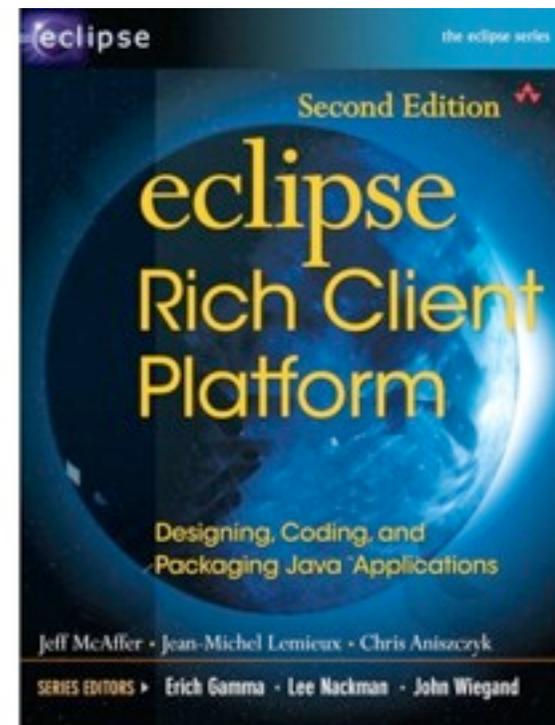
Senior Software Engineer

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Who Am I?

- Senior Software Engineer at EclipseSource
- PDE Co-Lead
- Board of Directors @ Eclipse Foundation
- Eclipse {Architecture, Planning} Council
- Co-Author, Eclipse RCP Book 2nd Edition



Overview

- Introduction
- Topics
 - Frameworks
 - Import-Package vs. Require-Bundle
 - Dynamic Bundles
 - Versioning
 - Extensions and Services
 - Compendium Services
 - OSGi Tooling
- Conclusion

OSGi...

- The dynamic module system for java
- What's a module?

*“**Modular programming** is a software design technique that increases the extent to which software is composed from separate parts, called modules. Conceptually, modules represent a separation of concerns, and improve maintainability by enforcing logical boundaries between components.”*

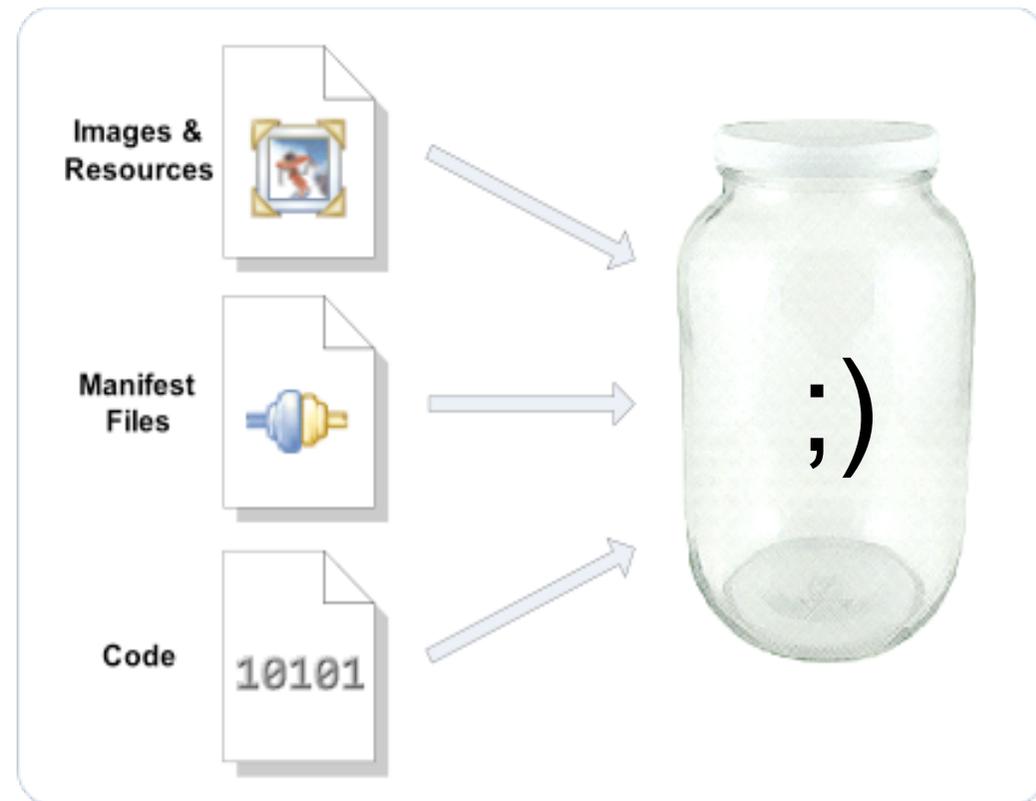
JARs != Modules

- JARs are deployment artifacts
- JARs have dependencies
- They are not modules... missing crucial information
 - ◆ identifier (file name isn't good enough)
 - ◆ version
 - ◆ vendor
 - ◆ exports
 - ◆ dependencies



How does OSGI help?

- OSGi Bundle == Module
- Just a JAR with module related metadata
 - ◆ identifier
 - ◆ version
 - ◆ vendor
 - ◆ exports
 - ◆ dependencies (imports)



MANIFEST.MF

```
Manifest-Version: 1.0
Bundle-ClassPath: junit.jar
Bundle-Vendor: Eclipse.org
Bundle-Localization: plugin
Bundle-RequiredExecutionEnvironment: J2SE-1.3
Bundle-Name: JUnit3
Bundle-SymbolicName: org.junit
Export-Package: junit.awtui;version="3.8.2",junit.extensions;version="3.8.2",junit.framework;version="3.8.2",junit.runner;version="3.8.2",junit.swingui;version="3.8.2",junit.swingui.icons;version="3.8.2",junit.textui;version="3.8.2"
Bundle-Version: 3.8.2.v20090203-1005
Bundle-ManifestVersion: 2
```



OSGi in Details

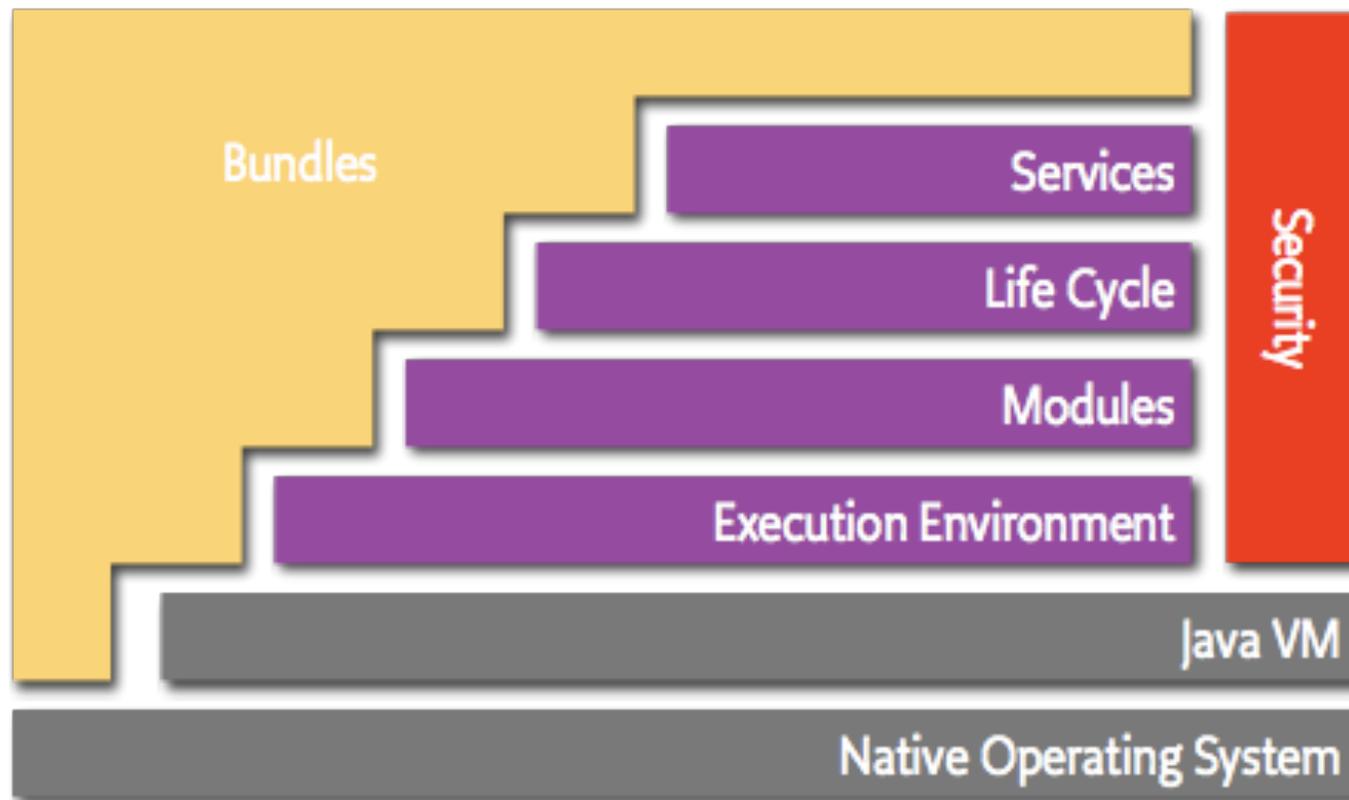
- OSGi Alliance
 - Worldwide consortium of technology innovators that advances OSGi technology
- OSGi Technology
 - Set of *specifications* that define a **module** system for Java
 - Enables modular programming for Java
- Originally designed for embedded systems...
 - Home automation... set-top boxes... vehicles...
- Now in widespread use in desktop and servers...

OSGi Alliance

- An open standards organization founded in March 1999
 - ◆ Founded by Ericsson, IBM, Motorola and Sun Microsystems
- Five expert groups that produce specifications
 - ◆ Core Platform
 - ◆ Enterprise
 - ◆ Mobile
 - ◆ Vehicle
 - ◆ Residential
- Now ~100 members
 - ◆ IBM, Oracle, Tibco, Siemens, SAP, Motorola, Red Hat, Sun...

OSGi Layers

- OSGi has a layered model...



OSGi Technology

- Bundles
 - ◆ OSGi modules made by the developers
- Services
 - ◆ Connects bundles in a dynamic way by offering a publish-find-bind model
- Life Cycle
 - ◆ API to install, start, stop, update and uninstall bundles
- Modules
 - ◆ Defines how a bundle can import and export code
- Security
 - ◆ Handles the security aspects, think permissions
- Execution Environment
 - ◆ Defines what methods and classes are available in a specific platform

OSGi Specifications

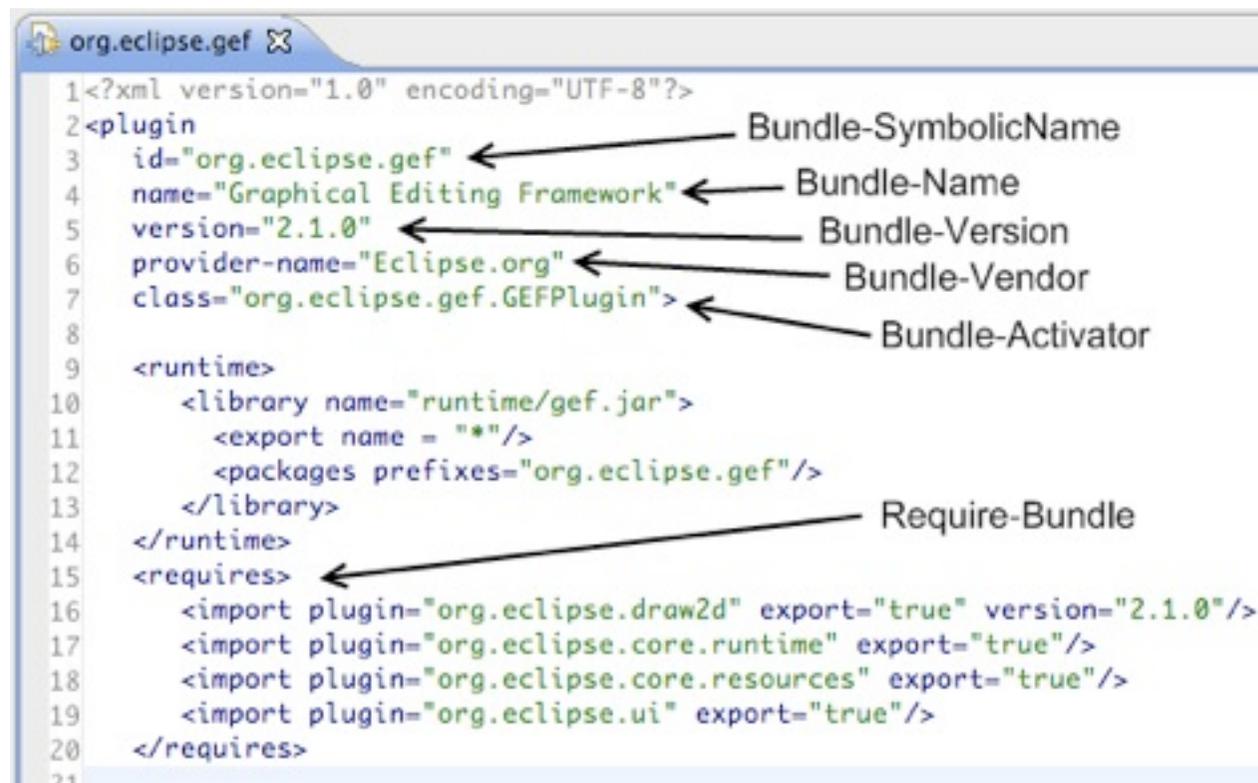
- Two major specifications
- Core Specifications
 - ◆ Covers the core layers of OSGi
- Service Compendium
 - ◆ Contains a variety of useful services

OSGi Specification Releases

- OSGi Release 1 (R1): May 2000
- OSGi Release 2 (R2): October 2001
- OSGi Release 3 (R3): March 2003
- OSGi Release 4 (R4): October 2005
 - ◆ Core Specification (R4 Core): October 2005
 - ◆ Mobile Specification (R4 Mobile / JSR-232): September 2006
- OSGi Release 4.1 (R4.1): May 2007 (AKA JSR-291)
- OSGi Release 4.1 (R4.2): (Summer 2009)
- OSGi EEG spec coming in 4Q09

How does this relate to Eclipse?

- Eclipse had its own non-standard plug-in model
- OSGi and old Eclipse plug-in model were similar



```
1<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2<plugin
3  id="org.eclipse.gef" ← Bundle-SymbolicName
4  name="Graphical Editing Framework" ← Bundle-Name
5  version="2.1.0" ← Bundle-Version
6  provider-name="Eclipse.org" ← Bundle-Vendor
7  class="org.eclipse.gef.GEFPlugin"> ← Bundle-Activator
8
9  <runtime>
10    <library name="runtime/gef.jar">
11      <export name = "*" />
12      <packages prefixes="org.eclipse.gef" />
13    </library>
14  </runtime>
15  <requires> ← Require-Bundle
16    <import plugin="org.eclipse.draw2d" export="true" version="2.1.0" />
17    <import plugin="org.eclipse.core.runtime" export="true" />
18    <import plugin="org.eclipse.core.resources" export="true" />
19    <import plugin="org.eclipse.ui" export="true" />
20  </requires>
21
```

What happened?

- The world didn't need two modular systems
- Eclipse went to OSGi in 3.0 with Equinox*
 - Eclipse needed something robust and standard
 - Put OSGi on the map!

```
org.eclipse.gef ✕
1Manifest-Version: 1.0
2Bundle-ManifestVersion: 2
3Bundle-Name: %Plugin.name
4Bundle-SymbolicName: org.eclipse.gef; singleton:=true
5Bundle-Version: 3.5.0.qualifier
6Bundle-Activator: org.eclipse.gef.internal.InternalGEFPlugin
7Bundle-Vendor: %Plugin.providerName
8Bundle-Localization: plugin
9Import-Package: com.ibm.icu.text;version="[3.8.1,5.0.0)"
10Require-Bundle: org.eclipse.draw2d;visibility:=reexport;bundle-version="[3.2.0,4.0.0)",
11 org.eclipse.core.runtime;bundle-version="[3.2.0,4.0.0)",
12 org.eclipse.ui.views;resolution:=optional;bundle-version="[3.2.0,4.0.0)",
13 org.eclipse.ui.workbench;bundle-version="[3.2.0,4.0.0)",
14 org.eclipse.jface;bundle-version="[3.2.0,4.0.0)"
```

*<http://portal.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=1086616>

OSGi Service Platform
Core Specification
The OSGi Alliance

Release 4
August 2005

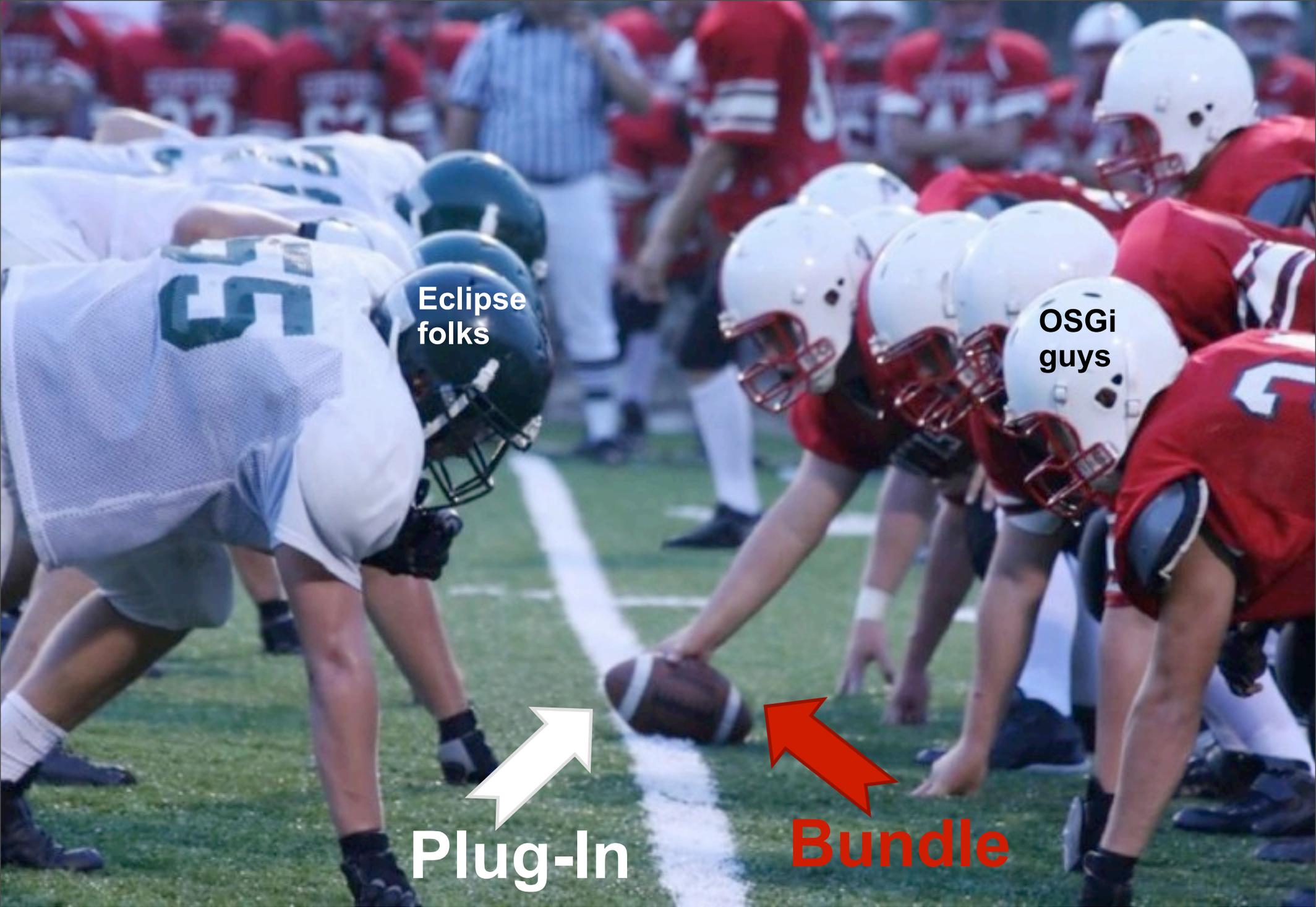






Eclipse
folks

Plug-In



Eclipse
folks

OSGi
guys

Plug-In

Bundle

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Frameworks

- There's a world outside of Eclipse and Equinox



SAMSUNG

SIEMENS



IBM



makewave



Framework Implementations

- **Equinox (open source)**
 - ◆ Reference implementation for the core framework and various services
 - ◆ Base runtime for all of Eclipse (rich client, server side and embedded)
- **Felix (open source)**
 - ◆ Implementation developed at Apache
 - ◆ Ships with GlassFish
- **Knopflerfish (open source)**
 - ◆ BSD license
- **Concierge (open source)**
 - ◆ Highly optimized and tiny R3 implementation
 - ◆ Runs in tiny devices
- **Many other commercial and private implementations**



Be aware of special headers...

- **Forget about:**

- Eclipse-BuddyPolicy
- Eclipse-PatchFragment
- Eclipse-SourceBundle
- Eclipse-...

➔ **Otherwise you are tied to Equinox**

- **Tip: PAX Runner to test against multiple frameworks**
 - <http://wiki.ops4j.org/display/ops4j/Pax+Runner>

Overview

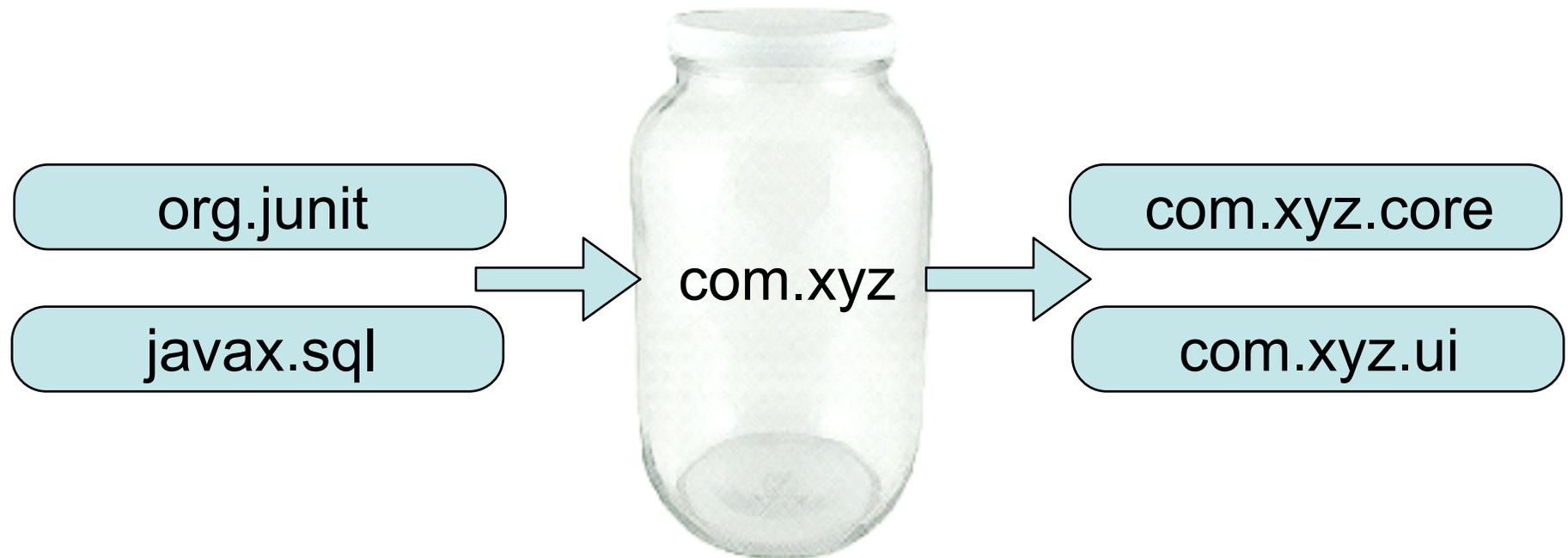
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Dependency Management

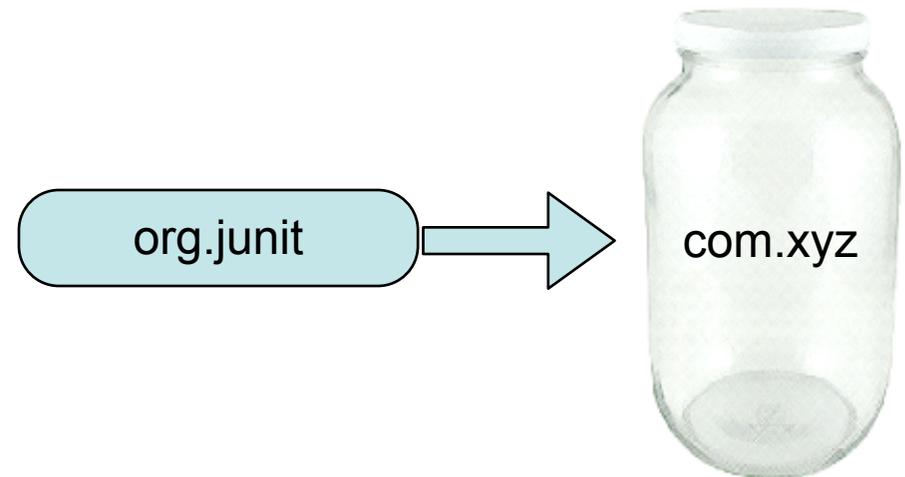
- Eclipse
 - Dependencies are *traditionally* using `Require-Bundle`
 - Never heard of `Import-Package`, sounds strange
- OSGi
 - Please don't use `Require-Bundle` **at all**
 - Instead, define dependencies using `Import-Package`



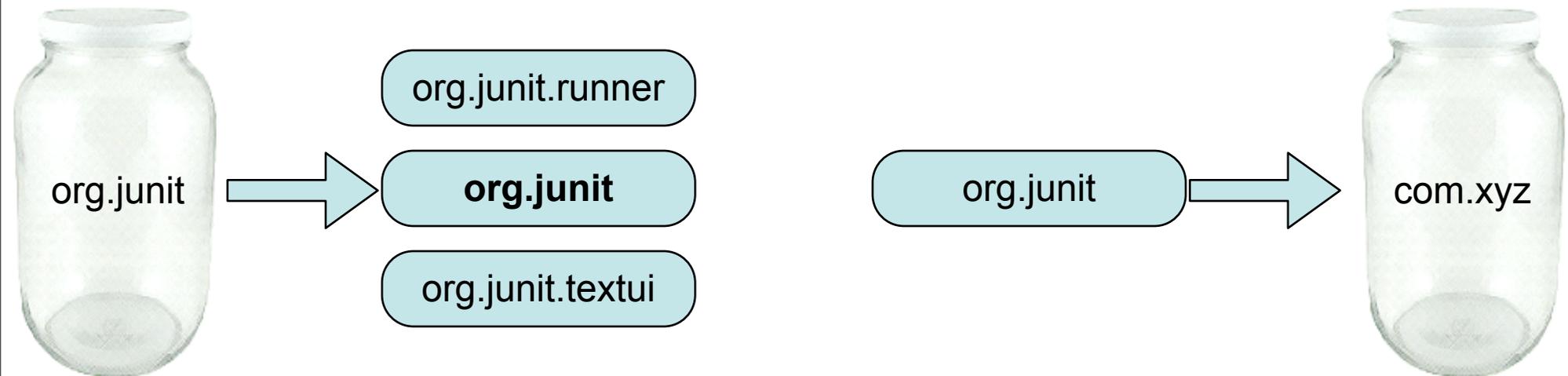
Imports and Exports



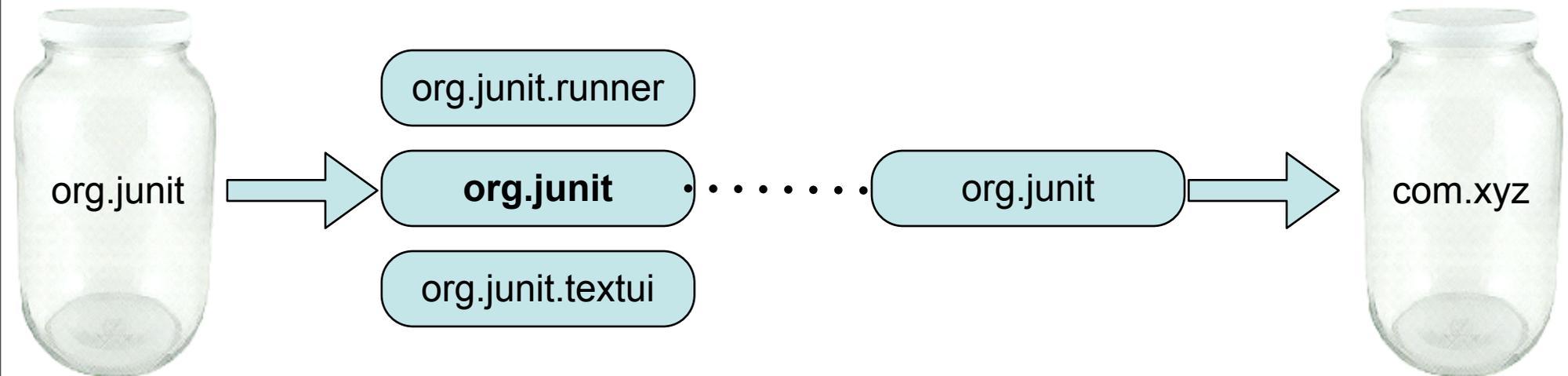
Package Resolution



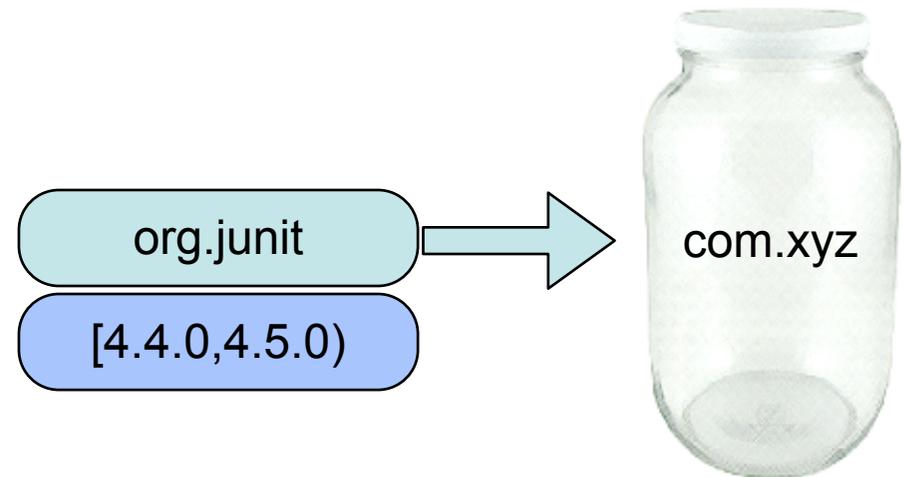
Package Resolution



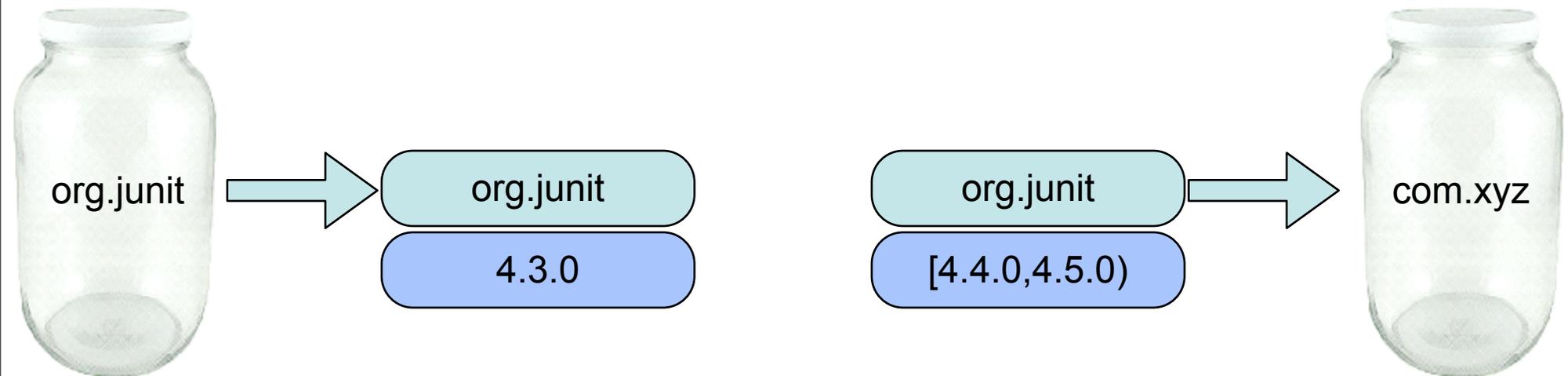
Package Resolution



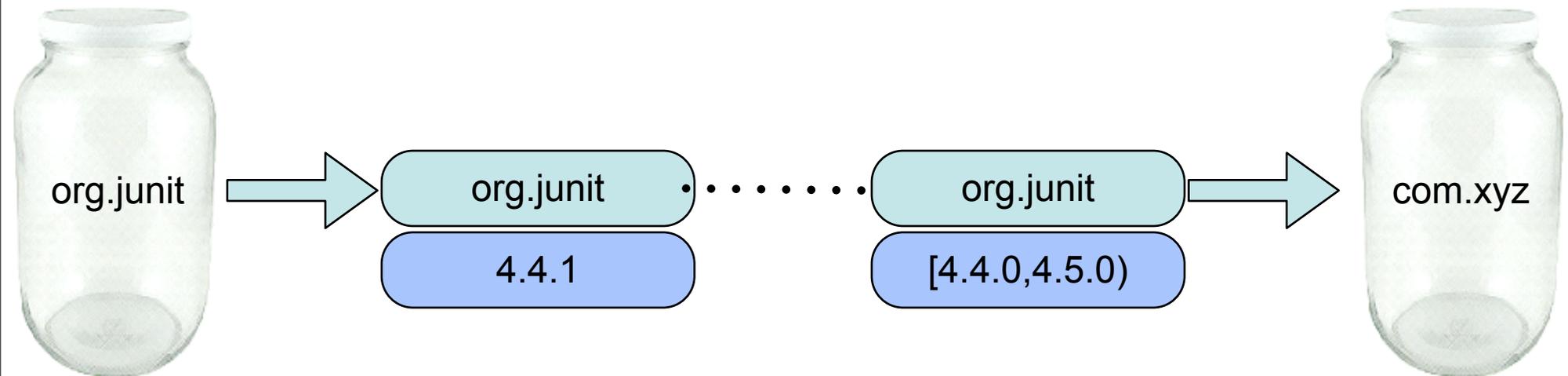
Versioned Package Resolution



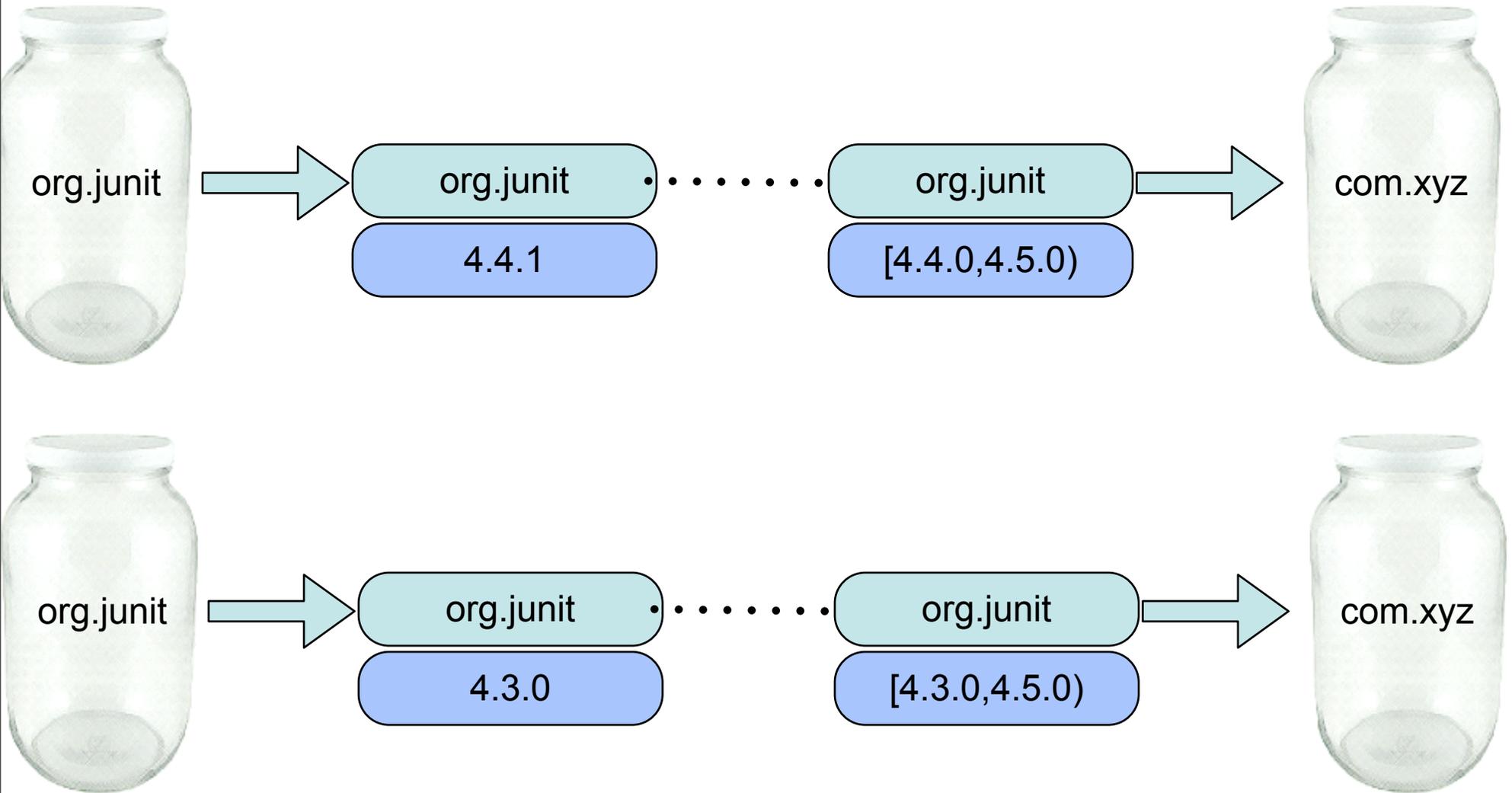
Versioned Package Resolution



Versioned Package Resolution

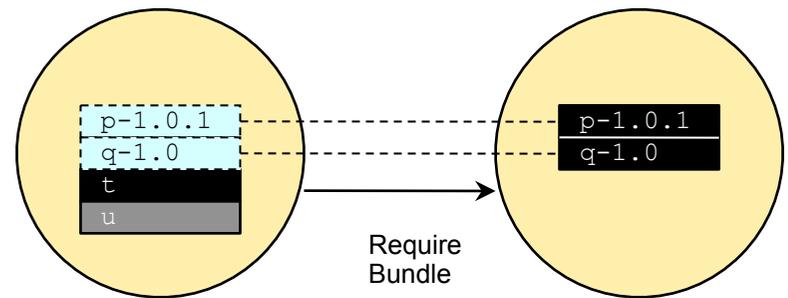


Versioned Package Resolution

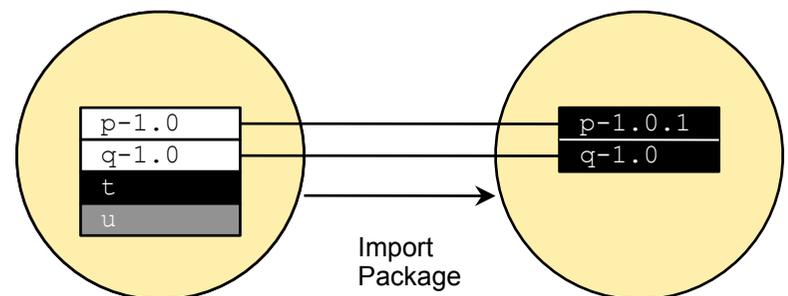


What is the difference?

- Require-Bundle
 - Imports all exported packages of the bundle, including re-exported and split bundle packages

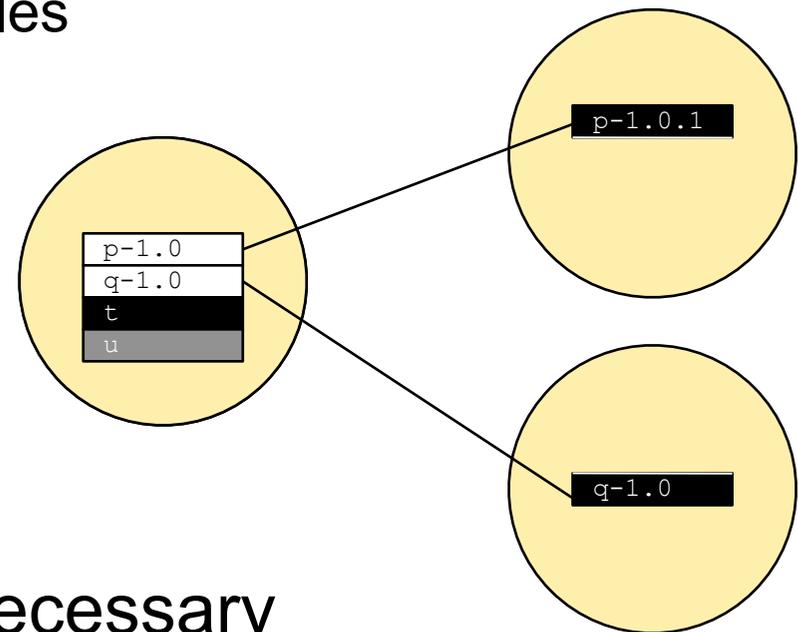


- Import-Package
 - Import just the package you need



When to use what?

- Prefer using `Import-Package`
 - Lighter coupling between bundles
 - Less visibilities
 - Eases refactoring

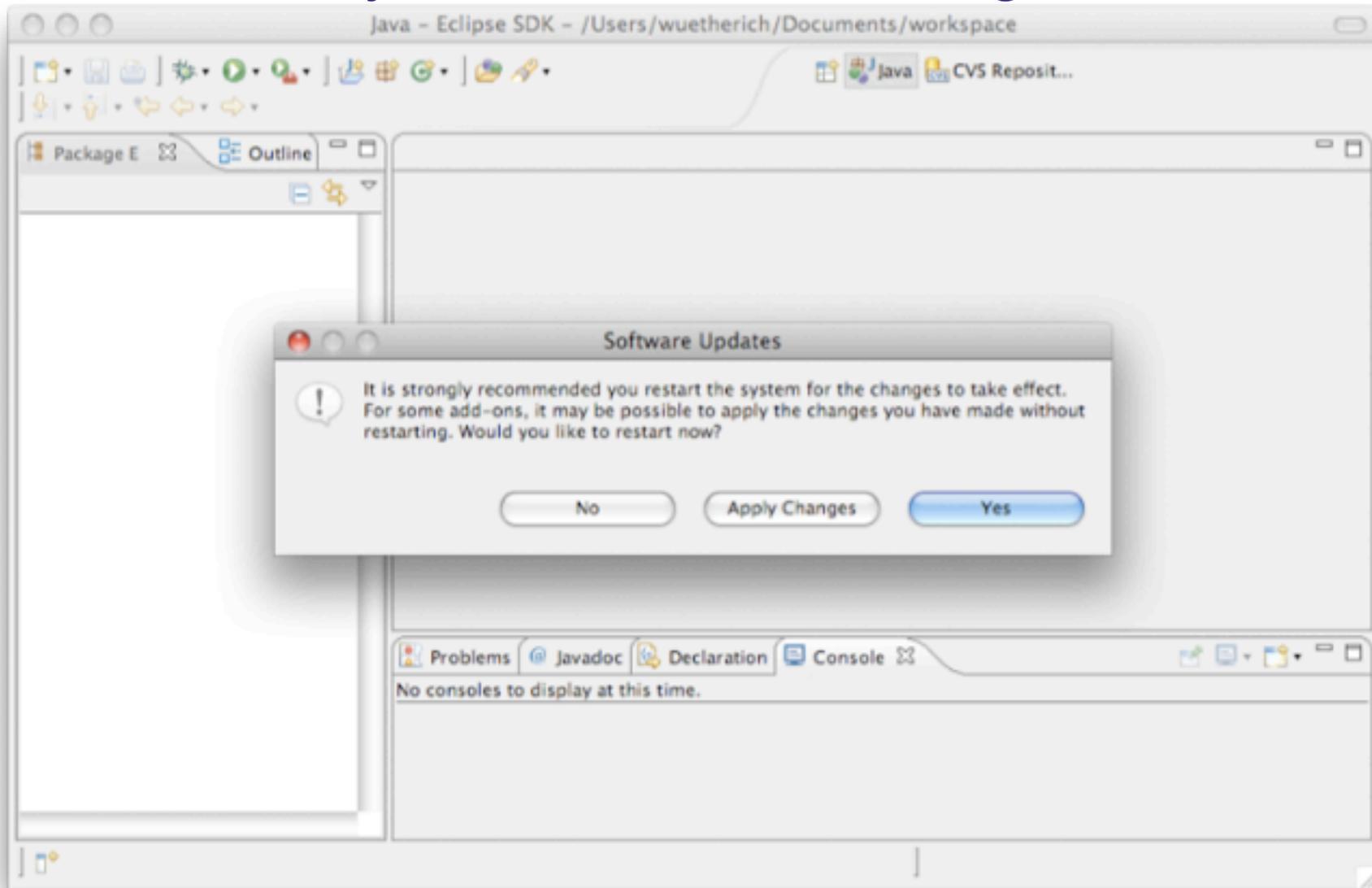


- Require-Bundle, **when necessary**
 - Don't mind higher coupling between bundles
 - split packages (same package in different bundles)

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Bundles are dynamic? You're kidding...



Dynamics with OSGi

- OSGi allows you to manage bundles at runtime
 - Install
 - Update
 - Uninstall
- But there is no magic behind the scenes
 - nothing is changed automatically
 - objects stay the same
 - references remain valid
- This means you need to cleanup after yourself!
 - ...so the GC can help you!

Updating a bundle at runtime means...

- Dependent bundles (with wires to the updated bundle via `Require-Bundle` or `Import-Package`) are stopped and re-started
 - The consequence:
 - updating a bundle might cause the system to “restart”
 - this is not what I associate with “cool dynamics”
- ➔ When programming anticipate OSGi’s dynamics

Think about dependencies

- **Less is more!**
 - Less dependencies
 - Separation of Core/UI
 - Dependency Inversion Principle (DIP)
- Think more about APIs
 - API in separate bundle
 - depend only on API bundle
 - implementation can change

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Versioning Guidelines

- Bundle-Version: 3.6.0.qualifier
 - ◆ 3 - major version
 - ◆ 6 - minor version
 - ◆ 0 - micro version
- From the OSGi specification...

Version ranges encode the assumptions about compatibility. This specification does not define any compatibility policy; the policy decision is left to the importer that specifies a version range. A version range embeds such a policy.

However, the most common version compatibility policies are:

- major – An incompatible update
- minor – A backward compatible update
- micro – A change that does not affect the interface: for example, a bug fix

- Eclipse Versioning Guidelines
 - ◆ http://wiki.eclipse.org/Version_Numbering

Versioning Bundles

- On Bundle level
 - Each bundle has a version
 - You should set a version when using `Require-Bundle`
- On Package level
 - Packages should also have a version when exported
 - Remember: `Import-Package`
 - Package imports should have version ranges as well!
- Summary
 - Version everything!
 - A version isn't a marketing number!

Versioning Tools

- PDE API Tools
 - ◆ <http://www.eclipse.org/pde/pde-api-tools/>
- Assists with the mechanics of API evolution
 - ◆ Binary compatibility (breaking) issues
 - ◆ API leaks
 - ◆ API freeze issues
 - ◆ API usage scans
 - ◆ Suggestions bundle versions
 - ◆ Runs headless and in your workspace

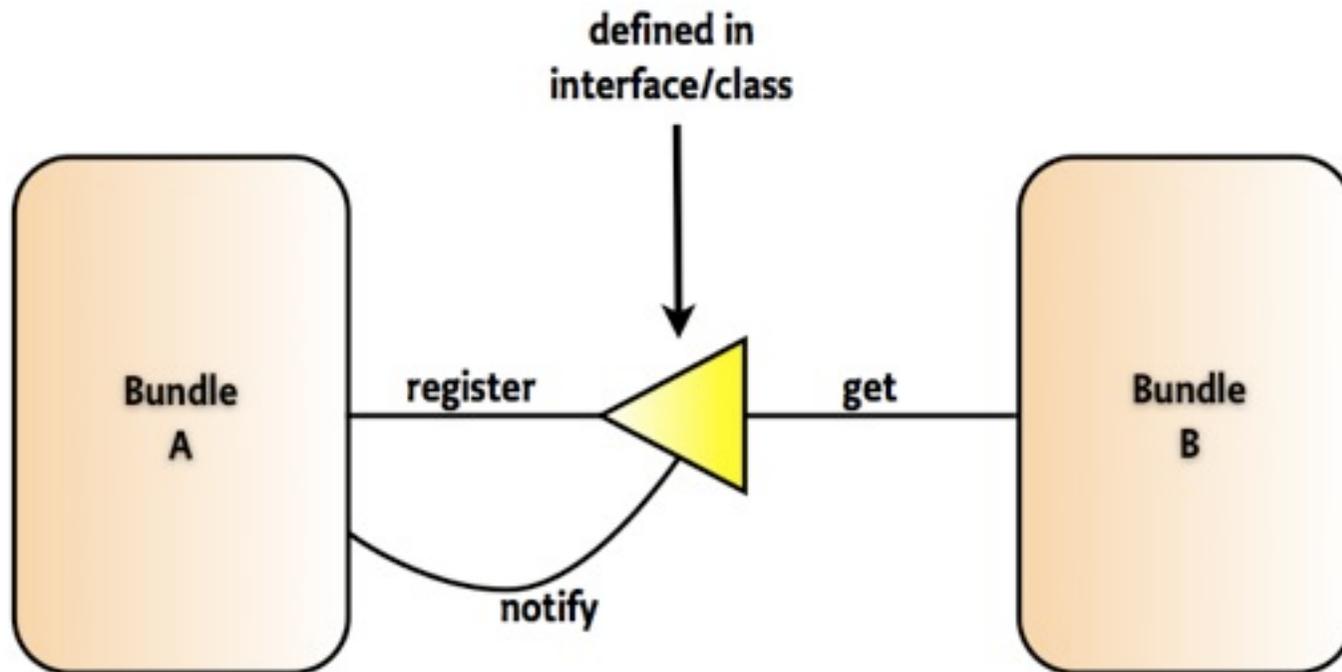
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OSGi Services

OSGi Service providers:
implement an interface and register
an implementation

OSGi Service consumers:
lookup a service via the interface



Versioned Contracts

- the service interface is the contract
 - many consumers possible
 - many producers possible
 - this contract is versioned
 - multiple versions of service might be available
 - you get only those that matches your dependencies
- ➔ You cannot get that with extension points
- singleton bundles
 - you always get the latest version

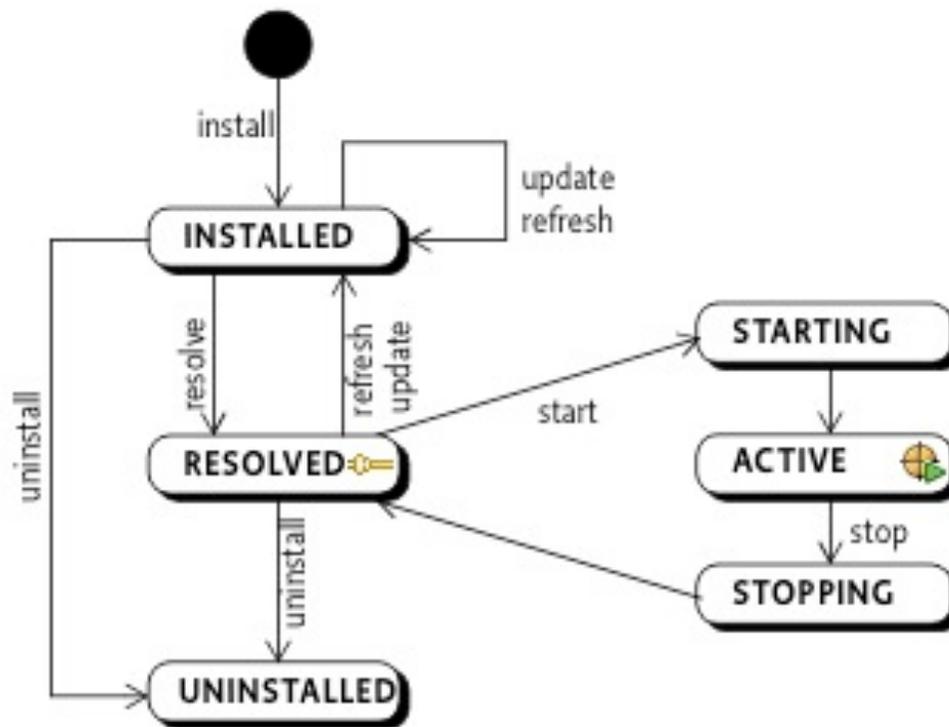
“You come and go”

- A bundle is started:
 - services are registered
 - and available from that on
- A bundle is stopped:
 - services are unregistered
 - no longer available
- OSGi services are dynamic by definition!



Life Cycle Differences

- Services are bound to the ACTIVE state
- Extensions are available in RESOLVED state



Declarative and lazy

- OSGi services are **bound to the active state**
 - they need class loading to happen
 - they need objects to be created
- Lazy and declarative approaches for services
 - OSGi Declarative Services
 - OSGi Blueprint
 - iPOJO

When to use what?

- **OSGi Services:**
 - Dependencies between bundles
 - Dynamics
 - Looser coupling
 - "I provide a service for anybody out there"
 - "I need a service and don't care who delivers it"
- **Extension Registry:**
 - UI contributions (too small for OSGi services)
 - Non-code contributions
 - "I open up myself for extensions that I don't know upfront"
 - If you have tons of thousand of extensions

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Compendium Services

- OSGi has spec'd 20+ services
- LogService
- EventAdmin
- HttpService
- Declarative Services
- Configuration Admin



LogService

- A general purpose message logger (20kb)
- LogService
 - Log message, level, exception, service ref, bundle
- LogReaderService
 - Retrieve current or previous log entries
- Note: ExtendedLogService (bug [260672](#))
 - named loggers
 - extended log entry (e.g., thread id)
 - filters for log listeners

EventAdmin

- An inter-bundle pub-sub system (30kb)
- EventAdmin
 - publish events synchronously and asynchronously
 - `postEvent(new Event("com/acme/timer", time));`
 - `sendEvent(new Event("com/acme/timer", time));`
- EventHandler
 - handle events based on topics
 - `handleEvent(Event event)`
- Event
 - has topic and properties as attributes

HttpService

- A way to register servlets and resources
- HttpService
 - Register servlets and resources
- HttpRegistry (org.eclipse.equinox.http.registry)

```
<extension point="org.eclipse.equinox.http.registry.servlets">  
  <servlet  
    alias="/test"  
    class="com.example.servlet.MyServlet" />  
</extension>
```

Declarative Services

- A declarative model for publishing, finding and binding to OSGi services (150kb)
- ServiceTracker
 - the programmatic way to get a service – sucks!

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<scr:component xmlns:scr="http://www.osgi.org/xmlns/scr/v1.1.0" name="demo">
  <implementation class="demo.ServiceComponent"/>
  <service>
    <provide interface="org.eclipse.osgi.framework.console.CommandProvider"/>
  </service>
  <reference
    name="LogService"
    interface="org.osgi.service.log.LogService"
    bind="bindLogService"
    unbind="unbindLogService"
    policy="static"
    cardinality="1..1"
  />
  <property name="message" type="String" value="Hello World"/>
</scr:component>
```

ConfigAdmin

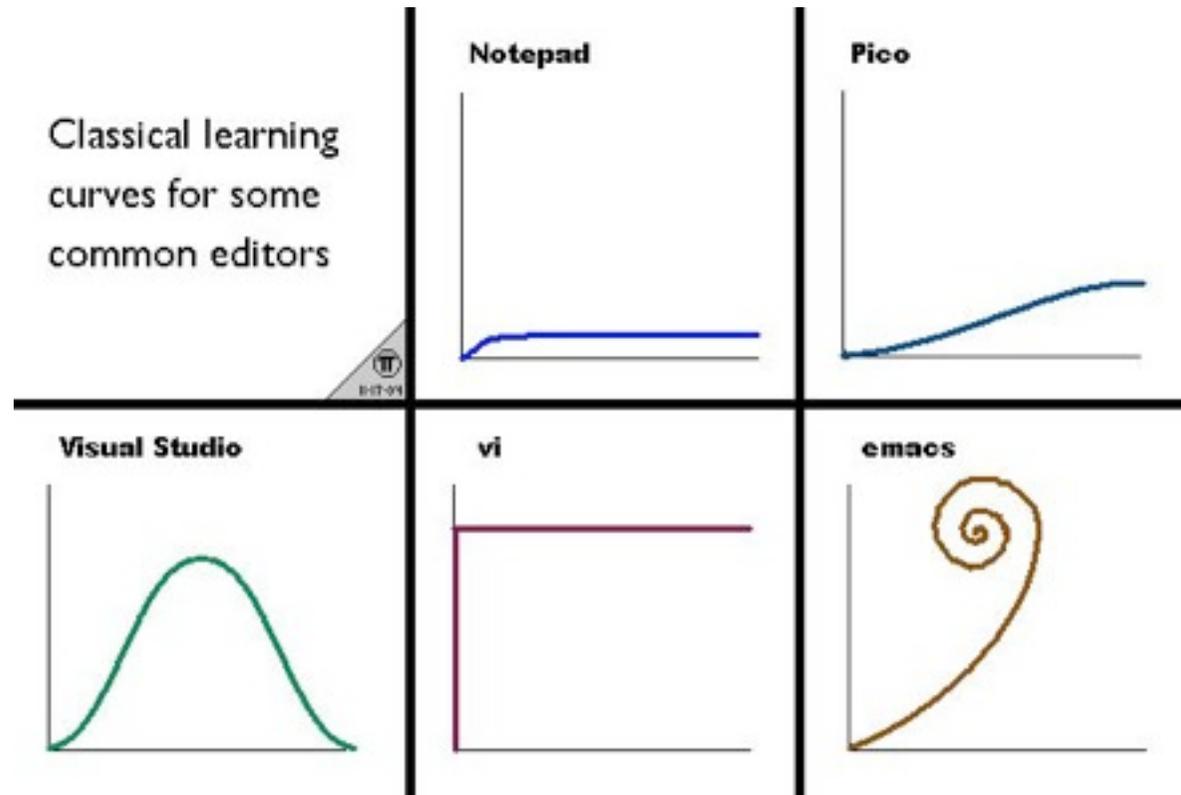
- A service to configure components (bundles)
 - A configuration is a list of key-value pairs
- The configuration admin service persists and distributes these configurations to interested parties
- Components to be configured register a `ManagedService`
- To apply several configurations of the same kind you could use a `ManagedServiceFactory`

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Tools Tools Tools

- In OSGi land, there are lots of options...
 - ◆ PDE, Maven, BND...



Tools and Religion

- Tools inspire religious debate sometimes...
- Choice of tooling will be like your choice of religion...
- Remember emacs vs. vi ;)?

Hackles



<http://hackles.org>

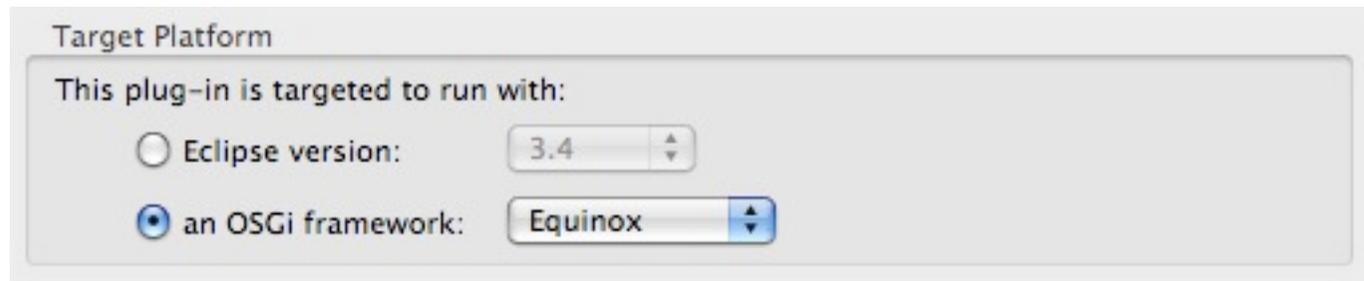
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OSGi Tooling Types

- Two main types of OSGi tooling
- Manifest First (e.g., PDE)
 - ◆ Provides tooling to hand craft OSGi artifacts
 - ◆ Centers around the OSGi manifest
- Template Driven (e.g., BND)
 - ◆ Provides tooling to use templates to generate OSGi artifacts

PDE

- Eclipse has been tooling OSGi forever with PDE
 - Plug-ins == Bundles! Blugins?
 - Tens of thousands of developers using PDE for over 5 years
- PDE provides world class tooling for OSGi:
 - Bundles
 - Fragments
 - Declarative Services
- New Plug-in Project wizard has OSGi love



BND

- **Bundle Tool (BND)**
 - creates and diagnoses OSGi bundles
 - Maven, Eclipse and Ant integration
 - <http://www.aqute.biz/Code/Bnd>
- **Relies on specification (.bnd file) + classpath**

```
Export-Package: aQute.service.*  
Import-Package: javax.servlet.http;version="[2,3)", *
```

- **Generates bundle artifacts like manifests**
- **Useful for converting third party libs to bundles**

Sigil

- Provides OSGi Tooling
 - <http://sigil.codecauldron.org/>
 - driven by sigil.properties file
 - BND used under the covers
 - being donated to Apache Felix project
- bundles fetched from repositories
 - based on your Import-Package statements





Thank you for your attention!

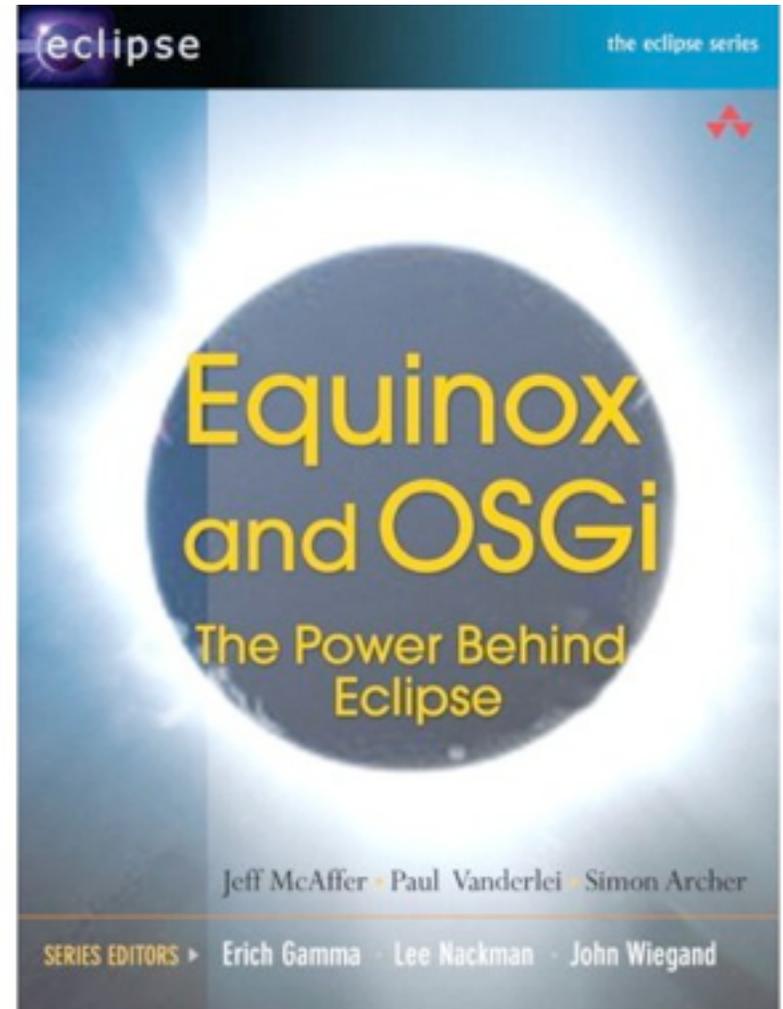
- In Summary...
 - OSGi is more than Eclipse
 - Eclipse is building on OSGi
- Questions and feedback welcome!

Chris Aniszczyk
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<http://twitter.com/caniszczyk>

Thanks to...
Neil Bartlett
Bernd Kolb
Martin Lippert

Want to learn more?

- Equinox OSGi Book
 - ◆ Learn OSGi using Eclipse
 - ◆ TOAST Demo



<http://my.safaribooksonline.com/9780321561510>